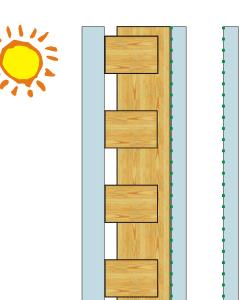


OKAWOOD - Insulating Glass with Wooden Grid

OKAWOOD is a successful synthesis between the classical and the modern construction material, between wood and glass. OKAWOOD is made up of a filigree wooden grid which is integrated in the cavity between the glass panes of insulated glazing. Therefore the natural wooden material is protected against the effects of the weather.

OKAWOOD offers:

- efficient directionally selective sun protection
- very good heat insulation
- natural vibrant appearance of the façade
- partial though-vision
- privacy screening from outside to inside
- can be easily recycled
- visibility for birds (FT 25*)



Physical properties

Thermal insulation

OKAWOOD is available as a 2-pane make-up with a cavity of 18 mm, and also as a 3-pane make-up with an additional cavity between the glass panes.

Depending on the gas filling and coating, the 2-pane make-up achieves U_g values \ge 1.3 W/(m²K). As a 3-pane make-up, U_g values \ge 0.6 W/(m²K) are possible.

Sound insulation

The integrated wooden grid has no significant effect on the sound insulation. The achievable values depend on the glass assembly.

Spectral properties

The wooden grid acts as a solar protection device and allows a warm tint of daylight to enter between the bars.

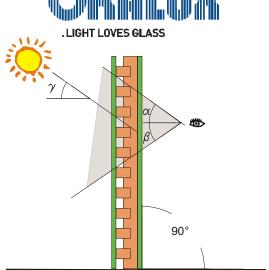
The compact cross-section of the louvres enables horizontal through-vision of approx. 50% of the surface area.

The function of OKAWOOD depends on the prevailing sunlight conditions. Partial through-vision is always given, despite the sun protection which differs depending on the season and time of day.

Integrated in a vertical façade, OKAWOOD functions as follows:

1. direct irradiation from high and medium solar altitude

- thermal solar protection with total solar energy transmittance values of as low as ≥ 7 %, in particular secondary heat transfer with low solar radiation transmission
- glare protection
- 2. direct irradiation from low solar altitude
 - partial transmission of the direct sunlight



Technical values of standard types

Table 1: Geometry of the OKAWOOD grid

Туре	Distance of	Horizontal through-	Through	Lock out	
	louvre [mm]		above α [°]	lower β [°]	angle γ [°]
OKAWOOD	10	50	35	35	35

The following information applies to 2-pane make-up consisting of an external pane with a thickness of 6 mm and an inner pane with a thickness of 6 mm with a functional low-e coating on surface #3.

Table 2: Technical values for the 2-	nane make-un with low-e	coating (vertical glazing)
	parte make-up with low-e	coating (ventical glazing)

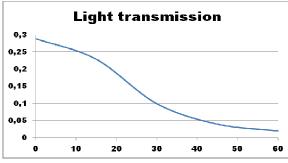
Table 2. Technical values for the 2-parte make-up with low-e coating						9)			
	Туре	Make-up	Τν %	Τν %	TSET %	TSET %	Ug value [W/(m²K)]		²K)]
			min. ¹⁾	max. ²⁾	min. ¹⁾	max. ²⁾	U _g [Btu/(hr ft² °F)]		F)]
							cavity 18 mm		า
							Krypton	Argon	Air
	OKAWOOD	2-pane	2	30	11	28	1.3 (0.23)	1.6 (0.28)	1.9 (0.33)

The following information applies to 3-pane make-up consisting of an external pane with a thickness of 6 mm, a middle pane with a thickness of 6 mm with a low-e coating on surface #3 and an inner pane with a thickness of 6 mm with a low-e coating on surface #5.

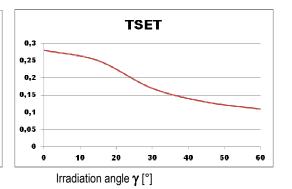
Туре	Make-up	T _v % min. ¹⁾	T _v % max. ²⁾	TSET % min. ¹⁾	TSET % max. ²⁾	Ug-value [W/(m²K)] Ug [Btu/(hr ft² °F)]		
						cavity 1	8 mm + 10/	12 mm
						Krypton	Argon	Air
						10 mm	12 mm	12 mm
OKAWOOD	3-pane	2	23	7	21	0.6 (0.11)	0.8 (0.14)	1.0 (0.18)

¹⁾ for angle of incidence $\gamma = 60^{\circ}$

²⁾ for angle of incidence $\gamma = 0^{\circ}$ (vertical to the glass surface)

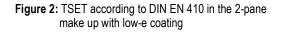


Irradiation angle γ [°]



LIGHT LOVES GLASS

Figure 1: Angle-selective light transmission T_v according to DIN EN 410 of OKAWOOD in the 2-pane make up with low-e coating



Legend and related values:

unit	standard	technical term
W/(m ² K) DIN EN 673	Thermal transmittance
	DIN EN 674	
%	DIN EN 410	Total solar energy transmittance or solar heat gain coefficient
%	DIN EN 410	Light transmission (direct/hemispheric resp. diffuse/
		hemispheric)
%	DIN 4108	Reduction factor of a solar control system, Fc=TSET/TSETreference
%	GANA Manual	Shading coefficient, SC=TSET/0.86
	unit W/(m ² K % %	W/(m ² K) DIN EN 673 DIN EN 674 % DIN EN 410 % DIN EN 410 % DIN 4108

The above data are approximate data. They are based on measurements of approved test institutes and calculations derived from these measurements. Values determined on a project-specific basis may vary from the above values.

Direct transmission relates to direct incidence of light, generally vertical (model situation for direct sunlight). Diffuse transmission applies to homogeneous, diffuse incidence of light from the outer hemisphere (model situation for an overcast sky). All values were measured hemispherically.

The specified values may change as a result of technical developments. No guarantee is therefore given for their correctness.

Make-up

The special feature of OKAWOOD is that the wooden grid for solar control is integrated in the cavity between the glass panes of insulated glazing and so require no special attention in terms of installation, maintenance and cleaning. In fact, the OKAWOOD element can be treated like conventional insulating glass. The glass thickness and type are based on the structural needs and constructional requirements.



The precious wood grid insert is made of solid wood. All the wood used in our products originates from sustainably managed forests.

Table 4:

Obeche	White Seraya	Beech		
	and the second			
	and the second division of the second divisio			
-				
and the second se				
-	-			

Standard make-up

Vertical glazing:

2-pane make-up

Outer pane made of thermally treated glass Cavity: 18 mm with wooden grid, rough-sawn surface Inner pane made of thermally treated glass, low-e coating on surface #3

3-pane make-up

Outer pane made of thermally treated glass

Cavity 1: 18 mm with wooden grid, rough-sawn surface

Middle pane made of thermally treated glass, low-e coating on surface #3 Cavity 2: 8 to 12 mm with gas filling

Inner pane made of thermally treated glass, low-e coating on surface #5

Horizontal glazing:

2-pane make-up

Outer pane made of thermally treated glass, functional coating on surface #2 Cavity: 18 mm with wooden grid, rough-sawn surface Inner pane made of laminated glass with thermally treated glass

3-pane make-up

Outer pane made of thermally treated glass, functional coating on surface #2 Cavity 1: 18 mm with wooden grid, rough-sawn surface Middle pane made of thermally treated glass Cavity 2: 8 to 12 mm with gas filling Inner pane made of laminated glass with thermally treated glass, low-e coating on surface #5

OKALUX Glastechnik GmbH 97828 Marktheidenfeld Germany Tel.: +49 (0) 9391 900-0 Fax: +49 (0) 9391 900-100 www.okalux.com info@okalux.de





Dimensions

The table below show maximum dimensions and visible widths.					
Glass dimension parallel to louvre direction	max. 3500 mm				
Glass dimension perpendicular to louvre direction	max. 3500 mm				
Louvre length	max. 1700 mm				
Length of support elements	max. 3500 mm				
Visible width of louvres	10 mm				
Distance between louvres	10 mm				
Visible width of support elements	10 mm				
Distance between support elements	max. 600 mm				
Freely cantilever of louvres	50 mm				
End strip for shaped units	10 mm				

Widths / heights in excess of the maximum lengths specified in the table above require a joint. At this joint it may be possible to see a gap or even an offset between the neighbouring louvres.

The material used as interlayer is a natural product. For this reason, deviations in colour, brightness and alignment of the wooden louvres may occur. Optical changes may result on some surfaces from the effects to temperature and UV rays. Also spots of natural resin may appear at the surface of the wood. This phenomenon is not a product fault.

The maximum area is 7 m². Special shapes are possible. For shaped units with inclined edges an end strip of 10 mm width is required. The feasibility and divisions must be discussed with OKALUX beforehand. It may be necessary to use an increased secondary sealant in the case of smaller dimensions and/or greater thickness of glass. The required edge seal width must be discussed with OKALUX beforehand. OKALUX will specify the location of the joints.

For tolerance reasons and due to differing temperature expansion, the insert may exhibit a visible light gap between the insert and the space bar. For this reason, the overall sealant (spacer bar + secondary seal) plus additional 5 mm have to be covered by a profile or by an appropriate edge screen printing.

In the case of a polysulphide as secondary seal, it may be necessary to use a exceed cover in order to provide sufficient UV protection. In the case of a frameless glazing system, it is generally recommended that the edge areas are covered using a UV-impenetrable edge enamelling. Depending on loading, the required sealant width can be considerably greater than that of "conventional" insulating glazing.

More detailed information you can find in our General Customer Notes "OKAWOOD tolerances".

Installation instructions

OKAWOOD insulating glass is glazed as per normal insulating glass. During transportation, the insert may slide to the side, creating a greater visible slit between the spacer and the insert or the support profiles could become inclined. We must be notified in writing beforehand of any special loads which may occur during transportation (vibrations/shaking).

For instructions and recommendations for the installation of our insulating glazing, please refer to our information and instructions for customers contained in "Delivery of OKALUX Glass Products" and "General Information on Glazing".



Other printed matter

If you do not have the following printer matter, please request it directly from OKALUX or download it from the Internet at www.okalux.com:

General terms and conditions of business Product-specific information texts

As well as these, there are the following customer notes:

Customer notes on offers Customer notes on delivery Customer notes alarm glass Customer notes screen printing Customer notes Structural Glazing / Edge deletion Customer notes on heat-soak test Customer notes on glazing Customer notes OIGNAPUR® Customer notes OKAWOOD tolerances Cleaning instructions for OKALUX gen. Guideline for visual quality

*TF = threat factor

1-30 recommended by the American Bird Conservancy, satisfy ABC's criteria for a bird-friendly glass>30 not recommended